. SCIENTIFIC SECTION PREFERENCE REQUIRED): Review the Scientific section Descriptions. Select and enter the two -letter ode for the one (1) Section best sullied to	1. FIRST (PRESENTING) AUTHOR (REQUIRED) Must be author listed first in body of abstract
review your abstract (CO)	()R1 ()R2 ()R3 ()PG0 ()PG1 (X)Estagiário ()Tecnólogo ()PIBIC
PRESENTATION PREFERENCE REQUIRED) Check one (1)	PARIS FABIANA DOS SANTOS Last Name First Name Mildle
a) Paper b) Poster	CORNEA 0728/02 Service (sector) N° CEP (Comité de Ética em Pesquisa du Universidade
 The signature of the First (Presenting) Author, (REQUIRED) acting as the authorized agent for all authors, hereby driver 	Federal de São Paulo- UNIFESP)
ertifies. hat any research reported was conducted	
in compliance with the Declaration of Heisinki and the 'UNIFESP Ethical	5. ABSTRACT (REQUIRED)
Committee"	Amniotic membrane vs. anterior stromal puncture: a comparative study in the treatment of symptomatic bullous keratopathy
	Fabiana Paris, M.D.; Eliana D. Gonçalves, M.D.; Élcio H. Sato, M.D.; Maira Morale s, M.D., Liliane Kanekadan, M.D., Mauro S. Q. Campos, M.D.; José Álvaro P. Gomes, M.D.
Signature of First	Purpose: To compare amniotic membrane transplantation (AMT) vs. anterior stromal
	puncture (ASP) in the treatment of symptomatic bullous keratopathy.
	Patients/Methods: A prospective, randomized study was carried out at External Eye Disease
Scientific Section Descriptions	and Cornea Service of the Federal University of Sao Paulo from June 2005 to December 2006. Thirty eight eyes of 38 patients with symptomatic bullous keratopathy were randomized
(OR) ORBIT (PL) OCULAR PLASTIC SURGERY (RE) RETINA AND VITREOUS (RX) REFRACTION-CONTACT LENSES	2000 runsy eign cycon s y durated with ASP and 20 patients AMT. Pre-operative evaluation included anamnesis and a complete ophthalmological examination including esthesiometry and pachimetry by utrassonic biomicroscopy (UBM). Clinical evaluations were performed 30.
(NO) NEURO-OPHTHALMOLOGY (TU) TUMORS AND PATHOLOGY	90 and 180 days after the procedures.
(ST) STRABISMUS (UV) UVEITIS	Results: Evaluation of pain showed a significant decrease in frequency, duration and intensity
(LS) LACRIMAL SYSTEM (LV) LOW VISION	(p<0.001) in both groups comparing pre and post -operative after 90 and 180 days of follow-
(CO) CORNEA AND EXTERNAL DISEASE	up. Esthesiometry values decreased in AMT group $(p=0.004)$ and in ASP group $(p=0.120)$ without significant difference between the groups $(p=0.556)$ after 180 days of follow up. A
(GL) GLAUCOMA (RS) REFRACTIVE SURGERY	decreased of average pachimetric values $(p<0.001)$ was observed for AMT $(p=0.001)$ and
(CA) CATARACT (US) OCULAR ULTRASOUND	ASP groups after 180 days of follow up. Conclusion: AMT and ASP are both effective methods to relief the pain of patients with
(TR) TRAUMA (LA) LABORATORY	symptomatic bullous keratopathy.
(BE) OCULAR BIOENGINEERING (EP) EPIDEMIOLOGY	Purpose: To compare amniotic membrane transplantation (AMT) vs. anterior stromal puncture (ASP) in the treatment of symptomatic bullous keratopathy.
(EF) ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY	Patients/Methods: A prospective, randomized study was carried out at External Eye Disease
	and Cornea Service of the Federal University of Sao Paulo from June 2005 to December 2006. Thirty eight eyes of 38 patients with symptomatic bullous keratopathy were randomized
Deadline: 29/10/2007	in 2 groups: 18 patients underwent ASP and 20 patients AMT. Pre -operative evaluation included anamnesis and a complete ophthalmological examination including esthesisometry
	and pachimetry by ultrasonic biomicroscopy (UBM). Clinical evaluations were performed 30, 90 and 180 days after the procedures.
FORMAT: Abstract should contain:	Results: Evaluation of pain showed a significant decrease in frequency, duration and intensity $(p < 0.001)$ in both groups comparing pre and post -operative after 90 and 180 days of follow- up. Esthesiometry values decreased in AMT group $(p=0.004)$ and in ASP group $(p=0.120)$
Title, Name of Authors, Name of other authors (maximum 6), Purpose, Methods, Results, Conclusions.	without significant difference between the groups $(p=0.556)$ after 180 days of follow up. A decreased of average pachimetric values $(p<0.001)$ was observed for AMT $(p=0.001)$ and ASP groups after 180 days of follow up.
Example: ARVO (1.10 x 1.70)	ASF groups after 180 days of follow up.